

**REPORT**  
**of the Management Board**  
**of**  
**Warimpex Finanz- und Beteiligungs Aktiengesellschaft**  
**pursuant to Section 153 para 4 in conjunction with Sections 169 and 170 para 2 Austrian Stock Corporation Act**  
**(Exclusion of subscription rights related to authorized capital)**  
**on agenda item 8.**

The Management Board and the Supervisory Board of Warimpex Finanz- und Beteiligungs Aktiengesellschaft ("**Company**" or "**Warimpex**") intend to ask the Annual General Meeting of the Company for the authorization to increase the share capital of the Company by up to EUR 5,400,000.00 by issuing up to 5,400,000 new, ordinary bearer shares (no-par value shares) against cash payment and/or contribution in kind, also in several tranches, also by way of indirect subscription rights pursuant to Section 153 para 6 of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act and also with partial or full exclusion of subscription rights, within five years from the registration of the respective amendments to the articles of association with the companies register, and to determine the issue price as well as the terms and conditions for the issue, the subscription ratio and the further details of the implementation with the consent of the Supervisory Board. The subscription right in the event of overallotment options in the course of the issue of shares against cash payment shall be excluded.

In addition, the Annual General Meeting is to authorize the Supervisory Board to adopt amendments to the articles of association resulting from the issue of shares with regard to the exercise of the authorized capital. The articles of association of the Company are to be amended accordingly.

The authorized capital to be resolved hereby shall be exercised primarily without the exclusion of subscription rights, however, the possibility of partially or fully excluding subscription rights is provided for.

**1. RESOLUTION PROPOSAL**

The resolution proposal regarding agenda item 8. is as follows:

- 8.a) *The Annual General Meeting resolves to revoke the existing authorized capital in Article 5.3 of the Articles of Association, according to which the management board is authorized, pursuant to section 169 of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act, to increase the share capital by up to EUR 5,400,000.00 by issuing up to 5,400,000 new ordinary bearer shares (no-par value shares) against cash payment and/or contribution in kind, also in several tranches, also with partial or full exclusion of subscription rights, and to determine the issue price and the terms and conditions of the issue with the consent of the supervisory board, and according to which the supervisory board is authorized to resolve amendments to the Articles of Association resulting from the issue of shares from the authorized capital;*

as well as

- 8.b) *The Annual General Meeting authorizes the management board, with the approval of the supervisory board, to increase the share capital of the Company by up to EUR 5,400,000.00 by issuing up to 5,400,000 new ordinary bearer shares (no-par value shares) against cash payment and/or contribution in kind within five years after registration of the authorization resolved at the Annual General Meeting on 1 June 2023 including the corresponding amendment to the Articles of Association with the companies register, also in several tranches, and also by way of indirect subscription rights pursuant to section 153 para 6 of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act and also with partial or full exclusion of subscription rights (authorized capital), and to determine the issue price, the terms and conditions of the issue, the subscription ratio and the further details of the implementation with the consent of the supervisory board. Shareholders' subscription rights to the new shares issued from the authorized capital are excluded if and insofar as this authorization (authorized capital) is exercised by issuing shares against cash contributions in the case of greenshoe options in connection with the placement of new Company shares. Furthermore, the Annual General Meeting authorizes the supervisory board to adopt amendments to the Articles of Association resulting from the issue of shares from the authorized capital;*

as well as

- 8.c) *Article 5.3 of the Articles of Association in the current version is revoked. It is replaced by the following new Article 5.3 in the revised Articles of Association:*

*"5.3 Pursuant to Section 169 of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act (AktG), the Management Board is authorized to increase the share capital of the Company, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, by up to EUR 5,400,000.00 by issuing up to 5,400,000 new ordinary bearer shares (no-par value shares) against cash payment and/or contribution in kind within five years after registration of the authorization resolved at the Annual General Meeting on 1 June 2023 including the corresponding amendment to the Articles of Association with the companies register, also in several tranches, also by way of indirect subscription rights pursuant to Section 153 (6) of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act (AktG) and also with partial or full exclusion of subscription rights (authorized capital), and to determine the issue price, the terms and conditions of the issue, the subscription ratio and the further details of the implementation with the consent of the Supervisory Board. Shareholders' subscription rights to the new shares issued from the authorized capital are excluded if and insofar as this authorization (authorized capital) is exercised by issuing shares against cash contributions in the case of greenshoe options in connection with the placement of new Company shares. The Supervisory Board is authorized to adopt amendments to the Articles of Association resulting from the issue of shares from the authorized capital."*

The authorized capital to be resolved hereby shall be exercised primarily without the exclusion of subscription rights. Despite this the justification for excluding the subscription right is as follows:

## **2. LEGAL BASIS**

With regard to the possibility to exclude the subscription right when exercising the authorized capital, the Management Board must present to the Annual General Meeting a written report on the reason for the exclusion of the subscription right pursuant to Section 153 para 4 in conjunction with Sections 169 and 170 para 2 Austrian Stock Corporation Act.

The Management Board of the Company can only resolve on the issue of new shares from the authorized capital with the consent of the Supervisory Board, irrespective whether the issue of new shares is made against cash or contribution in kind or happens with or without the exclusion of subscription rights. The issue price and the terms and conditions of the issue, as well as, if at all, the exclusion of the subscription right may only be determined by the Management Board with the consent of the Supervisory Board.

The authorized capital to be resolved upon provides for the possibility to exclude the subscription right. The possibility to exclude the subscription right does not mean that the subscription right will be excluded in any case, but merely that the possibility exists to do so. Also, the authorization of the Management Board to increase the share capital under the authorized capital does not in any case mean that there will actually be an increase of the share capital from authorized capital. The Management Board will only be authorized, but not obliged to increase the share capital.

According to the provisions of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act (AktG), it is required already at the time of creation of the authorized capital to present a report on the exclusion of subscription rights to the Annual General Meeting in case the authorized capital provides for the possibility of an exclusion of subscription rights. In the event that it is intended to make use of the authorization and that shares are to be issued with the exclusion of subscription rights, a further report by the Management Board will be required for this purpose, in which the specific reasons for the exclusion of subscription rights have to be explained.

Pursuant to Section 153 para 4 Austrian Stock Corporation Act, shall submit a report on the reason for the partial or full exclusion of subscription rights, thus a report on the objective justification. The exclusion of the subscription right must be in the interest of the Company, it must be suitable to promote the interest of the Company and must be the least restrictive means to pursue this goal, and it must be proportionate and must comply with the principle of equal treatment of shareholders.

For this reason, the Management Board presents with respect to the proposed authorization for the exclusion of subscription rights the following

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to the Annual General Meeting.

### **3. INTEREST OF THE COMPANY AND ADVANTAGES FROM THE ISSUE OF NEW SHARES BY EXCLUDING SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS**

#### **3.1 General**

The interest of the Company in issuing new shares by excluding the subscription rights can have many aspects. In general, the advantages from the exclusion of subscription rights, as proposed in the proposal for resolution, are in the interest of the Company in particular with regard to the following aspects:

*English translation of original German version for convenience purposes only*

- attractive financing possibilities for the Company;
- quick implementation of a capital increase;
- settlement of fractional shares and overallotment options (Greenshoe);
- a favourable possibility for acquisition financing; and
- the exploitation of new groups of investors.

In recent years, the Company has consistently implemented its strategic objective of strengthening its market position in particular in the countries of Central and Eastern Europe. In addition, the Company has also entered new markets in Western Europe. This will also in the future be the cornerstone of Warimpex's strategy.

The Company shall also in the future have the possibility to react quickly and flexibly on national and international markets on favourable offerings or other opportunities for the acquisition of undertakings, businesses or participations in companies or the combination with companies (e.g. project development companies). The proposed authorized capital therefore provides the Company the opportunity, to either raise fundings by way of cash payments against the issue of shares on the capital market, in order to finance the acquisition of such business entities, or to acquire business units by way of a contribution in kind against issue of shares of the Company. In addition, there shall be the possibility to approach also new investors in the course of the exclusion of subscription rights in order to expand the investor base of the Company.

The proposed authorized capital is limited to up to 5,400,000 new shares, this corresponds to 10% of the current share capital of the Company.

### **3.2 Exclusion of subscription rights in a capital increase against cash payment or contribution in kind for the purpose of attractive financing options**

The Management Board intends to ask the Annual General Meeting of the Company for the authorization, to increase the Company's share capital by issuing up to 5,400,000 shares against cash payment and/or contribution in kind, also with the exclusion of subscription rights.

#### **3.2.1 Quick implementation of financing**

The preservation of the subscription rights of the shareholders is usually not compatible with the requirements of a quick placement of shares, for example for providing funds for acquisition projects, because a capital increase with the preservation of the subscription rights does not lead to the required short-term funding in the course of acquisitions, and the granting of subscription rights makes the short-term placement of larger blocks of shares with qualified investors very difficult, if not all impossible.

The issue of shares under preservation of the subscription right to an unknown group of people constitutes a public offering and requires the preparation of a prospectus pursuant to the provisions of the EU prospectus regulation (Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on the prospectus to be published when securities are offered to the public or admitted to trading on a regulated market, as amended; "**Prospectus Regulation**"). Such a prospectus can hardly be prepared in short time between commercial agreement and the closing of a transaction.

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The extent of the proposed authorized capital of up to 10% of the current share capital makes it possible to have the new shares also admitted to trading immediately after the issue because the Prospectus Regulation currently does not provide for any further requirements, among other things, no listing prospectus, for an issue of about 20% (20% minus one share) within a period of 12 months.

The funding by one or more qualified investors does not only save the costs for the preparation of a prospectus, but in particular also the costs of a potential bridge financing for the period between closing of a business acquisition and a subsequent capital increase.

Because of the quick issue of new shares, the Company can in single cases cover a special financing need cheaper than by way of a debt financing. In particular in the event of the financing of a business acquisition or a property, but also relating to the coverage of refinancing needs of the Company or one of its subsidiaries, e.g. when a loan expires, it may happen, for example, due to the size of the required financing requirement and/or the tight time frame, that the required financing needs cannot be covered by way of debt financing.

In addition, recent years and months have shown that the situation on the capital market may change very quickly. Very often, there are only short time periods during which shares may be placed on the market. Long waiting which may result from the requirement to prepare a prospectus pursuant to the Prospectus Regulation or a two-week subscription period may lead to the effect that the initially positive mood on the capital market has changed, and that a placement (at favourable terms for the Company) is no longer possible after the end of the work on the prospectus or the subscription period.

A weighing of the interests of the Company in the quick implementation of a financing transaction and the interest of existing shareholders in maintaining their shareholding shows that the exclusion of subscription rights is not disproportionate. In case of a quick and cost-saving execution of the issue of shares (in particular without the preparation of a prospectus), which is in the interest of the Company and the shareholders, and the before described requirements of such a placement of shares, shareholders do in most cases not suffer any, or in some (few) cases no disproportionate harm because of the exclusion of subscription rights. Usually, shareholders should be in a position, even in case of the exercise of the authorized capital by excluding subscription rights, to prevent a dilution of their proportionate share by way of acquiring shares on the stock exchange. And even if the exclusion of subscription rights leads to proportionate dilution, such dilution is limited due to the limitation of the authorized capital to 10% of the current share capital. For this reason, the exclusion of the subscription right is generally acknowledged as being permissible under stock corporation law in the event of a capital increase of up to 10% of the share capital.

The quick implementation of a financing and the described cost advantages are in the interest of the Company and the shareholders.

3.2.2 Special advantages in connection with the exclusion of subscription rights in the event of a capital increase against contribution in kind

The proposed authorized capital also includes the possibility, apart from a capital increase against cash contribution, also to implement a capital increase against contribution in kind, also in several tranches, also by excluding the subscription right.

The Management Board shall also be authorized to exclude the subscription right to the extent a capital increase by way of a contribution in kind is made. This possibility for excluding subscription rights shall enable the Management Board, with the consent of the Supervisory Board, in appropriate cases to acquire properties, companies, businesses, parts of businesses

or shareholdings in companies or other assets in return for shares in the Company or to merge with other companies.

In particular a capital increase against contribution in kind requires the exclusion of the subscription rights of shareholders because the assets to be contributed are usually unique, and may not be provided by all shareholders, e.g. shares in other business entities, as just described.

Moreover, potential sellers of business entities often give preference to an acquirer who offers the acquisition in exchange for listed shares. This will usually have tax advantages for the seller. In addition, the value of the business entity may be optimally realized by using the respective market developments by the disposal of the "payment shares" in certain situations. And also for the Company, the acquisition in exchange for shares may be of advantage because this form of acquisition financing is not burdened with interest payments and reduces liquidity needs.

The proposed authorization of the Management Board to resolve on capital increases against contributions in kind by excluding the subscription right enables the Management Board to use opportunities quickly and flexibly at an appropriate price. This is of particular importance for the Company because it must be able to take advantage of market opportunities efficiently and flexibly and to meet any required capital or special financing needs quickly and at the most favourable financing terms.

The exclusion of the subscription right in the event of a capital increase against contribution in kind for business entities or properties, as described above, is therefore in the interest of the Company and its shareholders because this type of acquisition may provide advantages against other bidders who intend to acquire the same business entity, but who cannot offer listed shares.

### **3.3 Quick implementation**

In the view of the Management Board, it is possible to rapidly place shares when investors (usually qualified investors) on short notice intend to acquire large blocks of shares which are not available due to limited trading volumes within a manageable period of time. The quick implementation of a capital increase and the described cost advantages are in the interest of the Company and the shareholders.

In order to take advantage optimal market chances for Warimpex, it is necessary for the Management Board to be able to react flexibly and quickly when raising capital. A capital increase under exclusion of subscription rights which is directed exclusively to qualified investors may be implemented without a prospectus pursuant to the Prospectus Regulation, the preparation of which is not only cost, but also time consuming and may require a couple of months. At the same time, new investors can be approached when subscription rights are excluded, which will broaden the investor base of the Company.

### **3.4 Exclusion of subscription rights for settlement of fractional shares and over-allotment options**

The exclusion of subscription rights for the settlement of fractional shares serves the purpose to provide for a practicable subscription ratio with respect to the amount of the respective capital increase.

Without the exclusion of the subscription right, the technical implementation would be massively hindered, in particular in the case of a capital increase by a non-round amount. The

new shares created as free fractions by the exclusion of the shareholders' subscription rights may either be realized on the stock exchange (if possible) or in any other way in the best possible manner. The exclusion of subscription rights for fractional shares does not lead to a material dilution of shareholders.

In connection with the implementation of a capital increase from authorized capital, the granting of overallotment options (greenshoe options) to investment banks may become necessary. In order to be able to serve overallotment options, the exclusion of the subscription right is necessary.

### **3.5 Favourable possibility for acquisition financing**

Due to the general finance and economic situation, debt financings may not always be obtained at conditions the Company strives for. They also limit the Company's flexibility because, for example, they restrict the Company's options for action due to the collateral that regularly has to be provided for debt financing. Debt financings also have a negative impact on the equity ratio. The financing of the Company with equity, i.e. by way of a capital increase, constitutes, as just described, for the Company an optimal alternative to debt capital fundings and therefore is in the interest of the Company and the shareholders.

### **3.6 Exploitation of new groups of investors**

The issue of new shares under exclusion of the subscription right may also lead to the exploitation of new groups of investors. Although new investors could subscribe for new shares also in the course of a capital increase with subscription rights, a capital increase – as already described above – which is addressed to a broad audience of investors constitutes a public offering for which a prospectus pursuant to the Prospectus Regulation must be prepared. This is associated with a large time and cost expenditure which may lead to the effect that qualified investors are no longer prepared to subscribe for shares. It is therefore in the interest of the Company to have the possibility to quickly implement a capital increase.

### **3.7 Purpose achievement**

For achieving the before described purposes in the interest of the Company and its shareholders, the exclusion of the subscription right is suitable and required:

- on the one hand, transactions with qualified investors must be negotiated and agreed upon short notice, making use of the respective situation on the market: the preservation of the subscription right to shareholders, together with the preparation of a prospectus as well as the observation of a subscription period of two weeks (Section 153 para 1 second sentence Stock Corporation Act) is in contrast to these requirements; and
- on the other hand, no unconditional (binding) agreement with regard to the subscription of shares could be entered into with qualified investors in case the subscription right is preserved because prior to the fulfilment of such an agreement, the new shares needed to be offered to the shareholders.

The subscription of shares could not be met by short-term delivery of the shares. An interested qualified investor, however, generally wants to have the shares at short notice in order to be able to react to market movements. A longer contractual state of uncertainty is incompatible with this. In addition, a longer tie between contracting and settlement increases the risk that settlement of the underwriting contract will be more difficult due to changes in economic parameters, in particular the stock market price, and becomes unenforceable, for example due to adjustment clauses that have to be accepted due to the longer suspension

period. An immediately enforceable and short-term contract to subscribe for the new shares avoids all these problems.

#### **4. WEIGHING OF INTERESTS AND SUMMARY**

The reasons for the exclusion of the subscription right must be in the abstract interest of the Company at the time of the authorization of the Management Board. This was described above.

With regard to the proposed authorization of the Management Board – to implement capital increases also by way of exclusion of the subscription right – the interest of the Company in aggregate outweighs the disadvantages of the shareholders from the exclusion of the general subscription right. The exclusion of the general subscription right therefore appears to be objectively justified. The implementation of capital increases as well as the determination of all conditions may only be made with the consent of the Supervisory Board.

The specific reasons for the exclusion of the subscription right (like the suitability of a specific measure, the necessity, the proportionality and the equal treatment) and their consideration cannot be weighed at this point in time due to the lack of a specific project. Only when the authorized capital is exercised with a specific exclusion of subscription rights, such reasons may be considered and weighed.

The exclusion of the subscription rights creates the required flexibility, as described above in detail, for example that a capital increase can be implemented quickly, in particular also without the time-intensive preparation of a prospectus in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation which would be required for a public offering (without the existence of a prospectus exemption).

The exclusion of the subscription right is from the current point of view also proportionate because the volume would amount of up to 5,400,000 new shares which would correspond to a capital increase by 10% (in case of full exercise), and this size is assumed to be a permissible dilution of the shares of the existing shareholders. As a result of the shareholder structure, this does not affect minority rights; the core shareholders, who currently hold approximately 50% of the shares, agree with the capital increase. Existing shareholders could in addition also acquire shares at any time via the stock exchange. In the event of the exclusion of subscription right, the appropriateness of the issue price as determined by the Company must be strictly tested, so that the issue price of the new shares is oriented at the share price of the Warimpex share at the then relevant point in time.

Because of the possibility for the existing shareholders to buy shares on the market also in case of a capital increase by exclusion of the subscription right, there is also no unjustified unequal treatment.

Overall, the exclusion of subscription rights can therefore be regarded as objectively justified.

Vienna, May 2023

**The Management Board**